LG ELECTRONICS INC. REVIEW REPORT

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 and 1999

Independent Accountants' Review Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of LG Electronics Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheets of LG Electronics Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2000 and 1999, the related statements of income for the six-month periods then ended, expressed in Korean Won, in accordance with semi-annual review standards established by the Securities & Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. All information included in these financial statements is the responsibility of the Company's management.

A review of interim financial statements consists principally of obtaining an understanding of the system for the preparation of interim financial information, applying analytical review procedures to financial data, and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the Republic of Korea, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modification that should be made to the accompanying financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards for preparing quarterly and semi-annual financial statements generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.

As discussed in Note 22 to the accompanying financial statements, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000, the Company entered into various transactions with affiliated companies including sales of $\mbox{\em $\mathbb{\psi}$}$ 2,903,636 million and purchases of $\mbox{\em $\mbox{\em $\mbox{$\phi$}}$ 952,661 million. As of June 30, 2000, related accounts receivable and payable approximate $\mbox{\em $\mbox{\em $\mbox{$\phi$}}$ 460,979 million and $\mbox{\em $\mbox{$\phi$}}$ 520,333 million, respectively.

As discussed in Note 21 to the accompanying financial statements, on January 1, 2000, the Company purchased the domestic sales division of the mobile phone business of LG Information & Communications, Ltd. ('LGIC"), an affiliate. As a result, ₩ 70,619 million of related assets were transferred to the Company.

As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company entered into a merger agreement with LGIC on June 8, 2000. The merger was approved at the shareholders' meeting on July 22, 2000. As a result, LGIC will be merged into the Company effective September 1, 2000.

We draw attention to Note 14 to the accompanying financial statements. The operations of the Company have been significantly affected, and may continue to be affected for the foreseeable future, by the general adverse economic conditions in the Republic of Korea and in the Asia Pacific region. The ultimate effect of these significant uncertainties on the financial position of the Company as of the balance sheet date cannot presently be determined and accordingly, no adjustments have been made in the accompanying financial statements related to such uncertainties.

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of Korea. The standards, procedures and practices utilized to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of Korea.

Seoul, Korea July 29, 2000

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NON-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(See independent accountants' review report) As of June 30, 2000 and 1999

(In millions of Korean Won)

	2000		1999	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	₩	136,356	₩	154,958
Short-term financial instruments (Notes 3 and 5)		3,739		52,340
Marketable securities (Note 7)		2,599		-
Trade accounts and notes receivable, net				
(Notes 4 and 5)		468,009		786,958
Other accounts receivable, net (Notes 4 and 5)		199,383		615,843
Inventories (Note 6)		573,830		425,521
Prepaid expenses		67,588		57,339
Other current assets (Note 4)		150,000	_	172,423
Total current assets		1,601,504		2,265,382
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated				
depreciation (Notes 8, 10 and 11)		2,822,872		2,735,940
Long-term financial instruments (Note 3)		10,594		274,444
Investments (Note 7)		3,886,286		3,076,065
Refundable deposits		231,739		210,604
Long-term trade accounts receivable (Note 4)		7,705		12,066
Long-term other accounts receivable (Note 4)		50,644		424,019
Long-term prepaid expenses		30,065		27,798
Deferred tax assets, net (Note 19)		30,452		18,586
Long-term loans (Notes 4 and 5)		101,537		94,499
Intangible assets (Note 9)		118,442		427,343
Total assets	₩	8,891,840	₩	9,566,746

Continued;

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NON-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) As of June 30, 2000 and 1999

(In millions of Korean Won)

	2000		1999	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings (Note 10)	₩	150,380	₩	958,678
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 10)		858,522		1,319,106
Trade accounts and notes payable (Notes 5 and 22)		1,149,251		826,029
Other accounts payable (Note 5)		493,598		281,336
Income taxes payable (Note 19)		110,517		188,904
Accrued expenses (Note 5)		346,833		236,251
Withholdings		33,829		55,476
Advances from customers		98,238		114,133
Unearned revenue		68		
Total current liabilities		3,241,236		3,979,913
Debentures, net of current maturities and discounts				
(premiums) on debentures (Note 11)		1,780,700		2,005,319
Long-term debt, net of current maturities (Note 11)		424,386		508,078
Long-term other accounts payable (Note 11)		3,714		6,757
Accrued severance benefits, net (Note 13)		170,129		380,719
Other long-term liabilities		2,101		425
Total liabilities		5,622,266		6,881,211
Shareholders' Equity:				
Capital stock (Note 15)		632,116		632,116
Capital surplus :				
Additional paid-in capital		493,508		493,508
Gain on merger (Note 16)		29,732		29,732
Revaluation surplus (Note 16)		339,676		343,083
Total capital surplus		862,916		866,323
Retained earnings (Note 17):				
Legal reserve		41,499		28,699
Other reserves		1,399,155		273,285
Unappropriated retained earnings carried				
forward		508,792		671,320
Total retained earnings		1,949,446		973,304
Capital adjustments (Note 18)		(174,904)		213,792
Total shareholders' equity		3,269,574		2,685,535
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	₩	8,891,840	₩	9,566,746

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(See independent accountants' review report)

for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 (In millions of Korean Won except for earning per share amounts)

	2000	1999
Sales (Note 22)	₩ 6,894,252	₩ 5,137,695
Cost of sales	5,429,507	4,086,227
Gross profit	1,464,745	1,051,468
Selling and administrative expenses	893,036	729,005
Operating income	571,709	322,463
Non-operating income: Interest income Dividend income Foreign exchange gains Gain on disposal of investments Gain on disposal of property, plant	18,317 1,754 67,779 53,666	43,615 27,278 147,157 1,110,550
and equipment Equity in income of affiliates, net	1,357 238,705	10,577 166,417
Other	96,566	68,043
	478,144	1,573,637
Non-operating expenses: Interest expense Foreign exchange losses Loss from redemption of debentures Loss from disposal of investments Loss from disposal of property, plant and equipment Loss from transfer of trade accounts and notes receivable Other	187,679 53,030 5,843 9,621 87,107 83,108	298,995 151,460 65,665 19,453 31,771 64,634 36,147
Ordinary income	426,388 623,465	<u>668,125</u> 1,227,975
Extraordinary gains Extraordinary losses	31	-
Income before income taxes	623,496	1,227,975
Income taxes (Note 19)	180,911	302,198
Net income	₩ 442,585	₩ 925,777
Earnings per share (Note 20) (in Korean Won) - Basic - Diluted	₩ 4,110 ₩ 4,059	₩ 8,613 ₩ 8,499

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

1. The Company:

LG Electronics Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in 1959 under the Commercial Code of the Republic of Korea to manufacture and sell electronic products. The Company is a member of the LG Group, which comprises affiliated companies under common management direction. In 1970, the Company offered its shares for public ownership. As of June 30, 2000, the Company has outstanding capital stock of ₩632,116 million, including non-voting preferred stock of ₩ 95,478 million (see Note 15). The Company's common shares are listed on the Korean Stock Exchange and its depositary receipts ("DRs") are listed on the London and Luxembourg Stock Exchanges.

The Company entered into a merger agreement with LG Information & Communications, Ltd., ("LGIC"), an affiliate, on June 8, 2000 and the merger was approved at the shareholders' meeting on July 22, 2000. As a result, LGIC will be merged into the Company effective September 1, 2000.

In connection with the merger, the Company will issue 47,790,404 shares of common stock (par value: \\displays,000) to the shareholders of LGIC, Exchanging 2.1216 shares of the Company's common stock for each share of LGIC. The Company also will cancel all 8,374,357 shares of common stock of LGIC which the Company has held.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The significant accounting policies followed by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements are summarized below.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation -

The accompanying financial statements have been extracted from the Company's Korean language financial statements that were prepared in accordance with accounting standards for preparing quarterly and semi-annual financial statements generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. These standards vary from International Accounting Standards and the accounting principles generally accepted in the country of the reader. The financial statements have been translated from Korean into English, and have been formatted in a manner different from the presentation under Korean financial statement practices. Certain supplementary information included in the Korean language statutory financial statements but not required for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows is not presented in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Korea.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation, Continued -

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates.

Investments in Debt and Equity Securities -

All investments in equity and debt securities are initially carried at cost determined by the weighted average method, including incidental expenses. In the case of debt securities, cost includes the premium paid or discount received at the time of purchase. The following paragraphs describe the subsequent accounting for securities by the type of security.

Investments in marketable equity securities of non-controlled investees are carried at fair value. Temporary changes in fair value are accounted for in the capital adjustment account, a component of shareholders' equity. Declines in fair value which are anticipated to be permanent are recorded in current operations after eliminating any previously recorded capital adjustment for temporary changes. Subsequent recoveries or other future changes in fair value are recorded in the capital adjustment account.

Investments in non-marketable equity securities of non-controlled investees are carried at cost, except for declines in the Company's proportionate ownership of the underlying book value of the investee which are anticipated to be permanent, which are recorded in current operations. Subsequent recoveries are also recorded in current operations up to the original cost of the investment.

Investments in equity securities of companies over which the Company exerts significant control or influence (controlled investees) are recorded using the equity method of accounting. Differences between the initial purchase price and the Company's initial proportionate ownership of the net book value of the investee are amortized over 5 years using the straight-line method, except for investees in the telecommunication service industry, which are amortized over 10 years reflecting the industry's longer term of realizing its profit. Under the equity method, the Company records changes in its proportionate ownership of the book value of the investee as current operations, capital adjustments or adjustments to retained earnings, depending on the nature of the underlying change in book value of the investee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Investments in Debt and Equity Securities, Continued: -

Unrealized profit arising from sales by the Company to equity-method investees is eliminated. Unrealized profit arising from sales by the equity-method investees to the Company or sales between equity-method investees is also eliminated.

Premiums and discounts on debt securities are amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Investments in debt securities which the Company has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are generally carried at cost, adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums (amortized cost). Declines in the fair value of debt securities which are anticipated to be permanent are recorded in current operations. Subsequent recoveries are also recorded in current operations up to the amortized cost of the investment.

Other investments in debt securities are carried at fair value. Temporary differences between fair value and amortized cost are accounted for in the capital adjustment account. Declines in fair value which are anticipated to be permanent are recorded in current operations after eliminating any previously recorded capital adjustment for temporary changes. Subsequent recoveries or other future changes in fair value are recorded in the capital adjustment account.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -

The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts and notes receivable based on the aggregate estimated collectibility of the accounts and notes receivable.

<u>Inventories</u> -

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the weighted average method, except for inventory in transit which is determined using the specific identification method.

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Property, Plant and Equipment -

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost except for upward revaluation in accordance with the Korean Asset Revaluation Law. Such revaluation presents land at the prevailing market price and buildings and other production facilities at their depreciated replacement cost, as of the effective date of revaluation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets as described below.

	Estimated Useful
	Life (years)
Buildings	20 - 40
Structures	20 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10
Tools	5
Furniture and fixtures	5
Vehicles	5

Routine maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures which enhance the value or materially extend the useful lives of the related assets are capitalized.

Lease Transactions -

Lease agreements that include a bargain purchase option, result in the transfer of ownership at the end of the lease term, have a term longer than 75 percent of the estimated economic life of the leased property, or have a present value of the minimum lease payments at the beginning of the lease term more than 90 percent of the fair value of the leased property are accounted for as capital leases. Leases that do not meet this criteria are accounted for as operating leases, of which the total minimum lease payments are charged to expense over the lease period on a straight line basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Research and Development Costs -

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs directly relating to new technology on new products of which the estimated future benefits are probable are recognized as intangible assets. Amortization of development costs is computed using the straight-line method over five years from the commencement of commercial production or use of related products. Such costs are subject to continual analysis of recoverability. In the event that such amounts are estimated not to be recoverable, they are written-off.

Intangible Assets -

Intangible assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated amortization. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives ranging from five to ten years.

Discounts (premiums) on Debentures -

Discounts (premiums) on debentures are amortized using the effective interest rate method over the repayment period of the debentures. The amortized amount is included in interest expense.

Treasury Debentures -

When treasury debentures are acquired, the face value and any discount or premium is subtracted from the related accounts. The difference between the book value and acquisition cost of the treasury debentures is charged to current operations as a gain or loss on redemption of debentures.

Accrued Severance Benefits -

Employees and directors with one year or more of service are entitled to receive a lump-sum severance payment upon termination of their service with the Company, based on their length of service and rate of pay at the time of termination. Accrued severance benefits represents the amount which would be payable assuming all eligible employees and directors were to terminate their employment as of the balance sheet date.

Contributions made under the National Pension Plan and severance insurance deposit are deducted from accrued severance benefits. Contributed amounts are refunded from the National Pension Plan and the insurance companies to employees on their retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Income Taxes -

The Company recognizes deferred income taxes for anticipated future tax consequences resulting from temporary differences between amounts reported for financial accounting and income tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed on such temporary differences including tax credits by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to the years when such differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is almost certain that such deferred tax assets will be realized. The total income tax provision includes current tax expenses under applicable tax regulations and the change in the balance of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Tax credits for investments and development of technology and manpower are accounted for using the flow-through method whereby they reduce income taxes in the period the assets giving rise to such credits are placed in service. To the extent such credits are not currently utilized, deferred tax assets, subject to realizability as stated above, are recognized for the carry-forward amount.

Sale of Accounts and Notes Receivables -

The Company sells certain accounts or notes recievable to financial institutions at a discount, and accounts for the transactions as sales of the receivables if the rights and obligations relating to the receivables are substantially transferred to the buyers. The gains and losses from the sales of the receivables are charged to operations as incurred.

Foreign Currency Translation -

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Korean Won at the basic rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and resulting translation gains and losses are recognized currently.

The exchange rates used to translate U.S. Dollar denominated monetary assets and liabilities at June 30, 2000 and 1999 are \$1,114.8: US\$1 and \$1,155.9: US\$1, respectively.

Foreign currency dominated convertible bonds are translated at the historical exchange rates prevailing as of the date of issuance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Derivative financial instruments -

The Company utilizes several derivative financial instruments ('derivatives") such as forward exchange, swap and option contracts to reduce its exposure resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency and interest rates. The derivatives are carried at fair market value. Unrealized gains or losses on derivatives for trading or fair value hedging purposes are recorded in current operation. Unrealized gains or losses on derivatives for cash flow hedging purposes are recorded in current operations for the portion of the hedge that is not effective. For the portions of cash flow hedges which are effective, unrealized gains or losses are accounted for in the capital adjustment account and recorded in operations in the period when underlying transactions have effect on operations.

3. Restricted Financial Instruments:

At June 30, 2000 and 1999, short-term financial instruments of $\mbox{\em 4}$ 1,978 million and $\mbox{\em 4}$ 9,191 million, respectively, and long-term financial instruments of $\mbox{\em 4}$ 7,843 million and $\mbox{\em 4}$ 46,698 million, respectively, are deposited in connection with maintaining checking accounts, various short-term borrowings and long-term debt, and research and development projects funded by government. The withdrawal of these financial instruments is restricted (see Notes 10 and 11).

In additions, long-term financial instruments of \#225,835 million as of June 30, 1999 represent deposits made under group severance insurance plans. The withdrawal of such deposits is restricted to the actual payment of severance benefits (see Note 13).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

4. Receivables:

Receivables, including trade accounts and notes receivable, as of June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following (in millions of Won):

		June 30, 1		June 30), 1999			
	Costs	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Discounts for present value	Carrying value	Costs	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Discounts for present value	Carrying value
Trade accounts and								
notes receivable	₩ 520,352	₩48,240	₩ 4,103	₩468,009	₩801,510	₩9,561	₩4,991	₩ 786,958
Other accounts								
receivable	201,424	2,041	-	199,383	635,873	6,221	13,809	615,843
Other current assets	178,942	28,942	-	150,000	174,152	1,729	-	172,423
Long-term trade								
accounts receivable	7,783	78	-	7,705	12,188	122	-	12,066
Long-term other								
accounts receivable	60,174	601	8,929	50,644	543,997	4,283	115,695	424,019
Long-term loans	101,880	343		101,537	95,453	954		94,499
	₩1,070,555	₩80,245	₩13,032	₩977,278	₩2,263,173	₩22,870	₩134,495	₩2,105,808

Maturities of certain trade accounts and notes receivable from customers which suffer financial difficulties and are in process of corporate reorganization under the court are rescheduled and the receivables are discounted to record present value. Future annual maturities of such receivables outstanding as of June, 30, 2000 are as follows:

	Millions of Won							
For the twelve-month period ending June 30,	Amount to be collected		Present value (*)		Dis	scount		
2001	₩	2,301	₩	2,141	₩	160		
2002		2,682		2,350		332		
2003		2,984		2,389		595		
2004		2,050		1,624		426		
2005		2,029		1,515		514		
2006 and thereafter		2,677	601			2,076		
	₩	14,723	₩	10,620	₩	4,103		

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

4. Receivables, Continued;

Future annual maturity of notes receivable from Hyundai Electronics Industries Co., Ltd. outstanding as of June 30, 2000, in relation to the Company's share transfer of LG Semicon Co., Ltd., is as follows:

	Millions of Won					
	Amount to be	Present	Б:			
	collected	value (*)	Discount			
December 31, 2001	₩ 60,174	₩ 51,245	₩ 8,929			

(*) Weighted average interest rate of long-term debt of the Company for the year ended December 31, 1999 (11.0%) is used to calculate discounted present value.

5. Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currencies:

As of June 30, 2000 and 1999, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, other than those disclosed in Notes 10 and 11, are as follows:

	Foreign currencies (In Millions)					Won Eq (In Million			
	June 30	, 2000	June 30, 1999		June 30, 2000		June 30, 1999		
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$	62	US\$	35	₩	68,316	₩	39,915	
	¥	215	¥	1,094		2,281		10,450	
	DM	9	DM	25		5,296		15,106	
	AUD	4	AUD	3		2,910		2,351	
	GBP	2	GBP	2		3,841		3,197	
	ITL	797	ITL	3,418		439		2,106	
	Others		Others			16,184		4,164	
						99,267		77,289	
Short-term financial instruments	US\$	-	US\$	17				19,650	
Trade accounts receivable	US\$	184	US\$	378		204,905		436,747	
	DM	4	DM	15		1,987		9,336	
	¥	241	¥	270		2,553		2,577	
	Others		Others			22,208		4,458	
					₩	231,653	_₩	453,118	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

5. Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currencies, Continued:

	Foreign currencies (In Millions)			Won Equivalent (In Millions of Won)					
	June 30	0, 2000	June 30	0, 1999	June 3	June 30, 2000		30, 1999	
Accrued income	US\$ Others	51	US\$ Others	30	₩	57,380 1,647	₩	34,991 -	
						59,027		34,991	
Other accounts receivable	US\$		US\$	203		247		234,201	
	¥	_	¥	17				166	
	FRF	7	FRF	5		1,156		927	
	Others		Others			283		412	
						1,686		235,706	
Debt securities	US\$	121	US\$	-		134,507			
Long-term loans and other	US\$	61	US\$	54		68,535		62,423	
	¥	26	¥	64		278		608	
						68,813		63,031	
Trade accounts payable	US\$	398	US\$	296		443,505		341,888	
	¥	7,645	¥	8,393		81,036		80,147	
	DM	1	DM	1		812		619	
	ITL	860	ITL	1,014		471		625	
	Others		Others			7		15	
						525,831		423,294	
Other accounts payable	US\$	35	US\$	21		38,633		23,849	
	DM	6	DM	1		2,999		563	
	FRF	25	FRF	14		3,986		2,634	
	AUD	1	AUD	2		781		1,201	
	¥	158	¥	144		1,680		1,372	
	Others		Others			3,963		3,571	
						52,042		33,190	
Accrued expenses	US\$	15	US\$	13		16,552		14,999	
	DM	2	DM	2		1,238		1,158	
	Others		Others			1,222		114	
					₩	19,012	₩	16,271	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

6. <u>Inventories</u>:

Inventories as of June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following:

	Millions of Won						
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999					
Merchandise	₩ 16,991	₩ 11,517					
Finished products	185,369	176,200					
Work in process	98,124	65,163					
Raw materials	175,704	90,376					
Parts and supplies	97,642	82,265					
	₩ 573,830	₩ 425,521					

At June 30, 2000 and 1999, inventories are insured against fire and other casualty losses up to approximately ₩ 648,817 million and ₩ 495,028 million, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>:

Marketable securities as of June 30, 2000 are government and municipal bonds which are due within one year.

Investments as of June 30, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	Percentage of	f Millions of Won							
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999					
	at June 30,	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying		
_	2000	Cost	Value	Value	Cost	Value	Value		
<equity accounting="" method="" of=""></equity>									
Domestic Companies									
LG Construction Co., Ltd.	-	₩ -	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 21,088	₩ 57,042	₩ 57,042		
LG Micron Ltd.	25.00	5,000	38,580	38,580	5,000	39,014	39,014		
LG Department Store Co., Ltd.	49.13	66,012	41,187	41,187	66,012	52,745	52,745		
LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	32.51	252,725	140,901	140,901	252,725	287,559	287,559		
LG International Corp.	2.94	20,253	16,963	16,963	-	-	-		
LG Sports Ltd.	33.00	1,896	1,622	1,622	1,140	1,007	1,007		
LG Engineering Co., Ltd.(*3)	-	-	-	-	7,417	7,107	7,107		
LG Mart Co., Ltd.	50.00	283,672	319,700	319,700	62,675	89,572	89,572		
LG Internet Inc.	78.38	29,988	24,721	24,721	29,788	13,804	13,804		
LG Innotek Co., Ltd.	49.23	24,592	74,843	74,843	24,592	59,921	59,921		
(formerly, LG Precision Co., Ltd	l.)								
LG Information &									
Communications, Ltd.	27.10	352,013	378,384	378,384	112,826	203,617	203,617		
LG Merchant Banking Corp.(*3)	-	-	-	-	96,653	92,936	92,936		
LG Investments Security Inc.	7.15	262,433	190,627	190,627	-	-	-		
LG Venture Investments Inc.	-	-	-	-	15,000	17,438	17,438		
LG Capital Co., Ltd.	6.17	18,482	37,051	37,051	115,226	168,079	168,079		
LG Telecom Ltd.	3.77	41,705	16,305	16,305	30,394	16,409	16,409		
LG Hitachi Ltd.	49.00	6,060	10,704	10,704	12,150	19,117	19,117		
LG-Caltex Oil Corp.	3.07	50,004	93,843	93,843	50,004	94,589	94,589		
LG-EDS Systems Inc.	10.00	360	5,301	5,301	360	3,632	3,632		
LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	50.00	726,169	696,992	696,992	716,317	688,964	688,964		
LG IBM PC Co., Ltd.	49.00	11,907	13,817	13,817	11,907	5,391	5,391		
Kukdong City Gas Inc.	-	-	-	-	36,167	27,455	27,455		
LG Electronics Service Co., Ltd. (*3) -	-	-	-	7,000	7,000	7,000		
Dacom Corporation	25.95	746,669	662,796	662,796	-	-	-		

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	of Millions of Won					
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000			June 30, 1999	
	at June 30,	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying
	2000	Cost	Value	Value	Cost	Value	Value
<equity accounting="" method="" of=""></equity>							
Overseas Companies							
Goldstar Electronics Tailand							
Co., Ltd. (G.S.T.) (*2)	49.00	36	36	36	36	27	36
LG Electronics Alabama, Inc.							
(LGEAI)	100.00	63,939	70,434	70,434	17,182	24,302	24,302
LG Electronics Almaty Kazak							
Co., Ltd. (LGEAK)	100.00	3,746	3,603	3,603	3,746	3,483	3,483
LG Electronics Antwerp							
Logistics N.V. (LGEAL)	100.00	967	268	268	967	493	493
LG Electronics Australia PTY,							
Ltd. (LGEAP)	100.00	1,558	1,255	1,255	1,558	826	826
Arcelik-LG Klima Sanayi ve							
Ticaret A.S. (LGEAT)	50.00	11,187	4,619	4,619	7,351	7,351	7,351
LG Electronics da Amazonia							
Ltda. (LGEAZ)	100.00	34,663	20,687	20,687	22,757	-	-
Beijing LG Electronics							
Components Co., Ltd.							
(LGEBJ)	50.00	3,515	4,828	4,828	2,025	2,013	2,013
LG Electronics Colombia,							
Ltda.(LGECB) (*2)	60.00	3,330	3,330	3,330	-	-	-
LG Electronics China Co., Ltd.	400.00	0= 44.4	44.00	44.004	a=	10.170	40.453
(LGECH)	100.00	37,614	41,986	41,986	37,614	40,453	40,453
LG Electronics Canada, Inc.	100.00	12 500	0.604	0.604	4 420	2 2 4 2	2 2 42
(LGECI)	100.00	13,780	9,604	9,604	4,439	2,342	2,342
LG Collins Electronics Manila	02.22	20.202	0.204	0.206	14.626	2 400	2.400
Inc. (LGECM)	92.23	20,302	8,286	8,286	14,636	3,489	3,489
Taizhou LG-Chunlan Home							
Appliances Co., Ltd.	50.00	22.052	10 114	10 114	22.052	10.570	10.570
(LGECT)	50.00	22,953	18,114	18,114	22,953	19,578	19,578
LG Electronics Deutschland	100.00	26.020	0.760	0.760	26.020	7 1 4 4	7 1 4 4
GMBH (LGEDG)	100.00	26,938	9,769	9,769	26,938	7,144	7,144
PT LG Electronics Display	100.00	70.542	114716	114716	79,543	111.570	111.570
Devices Indonesia (LGEDI)	100.00	79,543	114,716	114,716	19,543	111,579	111,579
LG Electronics Design Tech, Ltd. (LGEDT) (*2)	100.00	1 002	1,002	1,002	1.002	1 127	1 002
	100.00	1,002	1,002	1,002	1,002	1,137	1,002
LG Electronics Egypt S.A.E	51.00	1 577	2 9/1	2 0 1 1	1 577	2 224	2 224
(LGEEG) LG Electronics Espana S.A.	51.00	1,577	2,841	2,841	1,577	3,234	3,234
(LGEES)	100.00	3,374	627	627	2 274	1 504	1.504
(LUEES)	100.00	3,374	637	637	3,374	1,504	1,504

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	e of Millions of Won						
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000		June 30, 1999			
	at June 30, 2000	Acquisition Cost	Net Asset Value	Carrying Value	Acquisition Cost	Net Asset Value	Carrying Value	
<equity accounting="" method="" of=""></equity>						_		
LG Electronics Gulf FZE								
(LGEGF)	100.00	2,489	2,928	2,928	2,489	4,131	4,131	
LG Electronics HK Limited								
(LGEHK)	100.00	4,316	861	861	232	-	-	
LG Hotline CPT Ltd. (LGEHL)								
(*1)	50.00	10,561	-	-	10,561	-	-	
LG Electronics Huizhou Inc.								
(LGEHZ)	45.00	1,277	2,343	2,343	1,277	2,645	2,645	
LG Electronics India Ltd.								
(LGEIL)	100.00	32,076	44,632	44,632	32,076	39,645	39,645	
PT LG Electronics Indonesia								
(LGEIN)	100.00	29,431	10,051	10,051	3,379	-	-	
LG Electronics Italy S.P.A.								
(LGEIS)	100.00	14,136	6,700	6,700	3,106	2,725	2,725	
LG Electronics Japan Inc.								
(LGEJP)	100.00	12,978	1,330	1,330	7,954	-	-	
LG Electronics Mlawa SP.Zo.O								
(LGEMA)	100.00	7,066	5,784	5,784	7,066	614	7,066	
LG Electronics Morocco								
S.A.R.L (LGEMC) (*2)	100.00	2,774	2,774	2,774	-	-	-	
LG Electronics Middle East								
Co., Ltd. (LGEME) (*2)	100.00	462	1,242	433	462	2,473	462	
LG-MECA Electronics								
Haiphong, Inc. (LGEMH)	70.00	1,690	1,397	1,397	1,690	1,690	1,690	
LG Electronics Magyar Kft.								
(LGEMK)	100.00	5,575	4,980	4,980	1,526	1,371	1,371	
LG Electronics (M) SDN.BHD								
(LGEML) (*2)	100.00	11	11	11	-	-	-	
LG Electronics Monterrey								
Mexico S.A de C.V.								
(LGEMM) (*2)	99.00	5,560	5,560	5,560	-	-	-	
LG Electronics Mexico								
S.A.de C.V. (LGEMS) (*1)	98.48	1,936	-	-	1,936	6,675	6,675	
LG MITR Electronics Co., Ltd.								
(LGEMT)	87.74	15,925	3,637	3,637	15,925	5,559	5,559	
LG Electronics North of								
England Ltd. (LGENE)	100.00	11,229	9,679	9,679	11,229	8,329	8,329	
Nanjing LG-Tontru Color								
Display System Co., Ltd.							_	
(LGENT)	70.00	14,571	4,816	4,816	14,571	7,659	7,659	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	of Millions of Won						
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000			June 30, 1999		
	at June 30,	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying	Acquisition	Net Asset	Carrying	
	2000	Cost	Value	Value	Cost	Value	Value	
<equity accounting="" method="" of=""></equity>								
LG Electronics Polska SP.Zo.O.								
(LGEPL)	100.00	4,117	2,800	2,800	4,117	2,588	2,588	
Nanjing LG Panda Appliance								
Co., Ltd. (LGEPN)	40.00	3,737	4,984	4,984	3,737	4,233	4,233	
LG Electronics Peru S.A.								
(LGEPR) (*1)	100.00	1,879	-	-	1,879	-	-	
LG Electronics Panama S.A.								
(LGEPS)	100.00	2,333	3,810	3,810	68	1,183	1,183	
LG Electronics Qinhuangdao								
Inc. (LGEQH)	80.00	3,284	3,974	3,974	3,284	3,593	3,593	
LG Electronics Research Center								
of America, Inc. (LGERCA)	400.00	000	000	000	222	4=0	000	
(*2)	100.00	899	899	899	899	459	899	
LG Electronics Russia Inc.	05.00	201	0	201	201	120	201	
(LGERI) (*2)	95.00	391	8	391	391	130	391	
LG Electronics S.A. Pty Ltd.	100.00	2 202	2.465	2.465	2 292	2 222	2 222	
(LGESA)	100.00	3,382	2,465	2,465	3,382	3,333	3,333	
LG Electronics Service Europe								
Netherland B.V. (LGESE)	100.00	2.079			1.500	1.250	1 500	
(*1)	100.00	3,978	-	-	1,589	1,350	1,589	
LG Shuguang Electronics Co., Ltd. (LGESG)	44.20	74 269	101 000	101,000	40.825	72 292	72 202	
	44.30	74,268	101,000	101,000	49,825	72,283	72,283	
Shanghai LG Electronics Co., Ltd. (LGESH)	50.00	3,021	2,381	2,381	3,021	3,757	3,757	
LG Electronics de SaoPaulo	30.00	3,021	2,361	2,361	3,021	3,737	3,737	
Ltda. (LGESP)	100.00	28,481	20,147	20,147	28,481	15,235	15,235	
LG SEL Electronics Vietnam	100.00	20,401	20,147	20,147	20,401	13,233	13,233	
Ltd. (LGESV)	55.00	1,711	3,750	3,750	1,711	3,356	3,356	
LG Electronics Sweden AB	33.00	1,711	3,730	3,730	1,711	3,330	3,330	
(LGESW) (*2)	100.00	2,319	2,319	2,319	_	_	_	
LG Electronics Shenyang Inc.	100.00	2,317	2,317	2,317				
(LGESY)	50.00	5,795	197	197	5,795	4,048	4,048	
LG Electronics Tianjin	20.00	5,750	17.		0,720	.,0.0	.,0.0	
Appliance Co., Ltd.								
(LGETA)	70.00	42,948	68,772	68,772	42,948	58,227	58,227	
LG Electronics Thailand Co.,		,,			,,	,	,	
Ltd. (LGETH)	49.00	3,407	5,125	5,125	3,407	8,116	8,116	
LG Electronics Taiwan Co.,		-,	-, -	-,	-, -,	-,	-,	
Ltd. (LGETW) (*3)	-	-	-	-	4,281	4,281	4,281	
, , ,					*	•		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	Millions of Won					
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000		June 30, 1999		
	as of June 30, 2000	Acquisition Cost	Net Asset Value	Carrying Value	Acquisition Cost	Net Asset Value	Carrying Value
<equity accounting="" method="" of=""></equity>	_					_	
LG Electronics U.K. Ltd.							
(LGEUK) (*1)	100.00	10,486	-	-	10,486	1,795	1,795
LG Electronics Ukraine Co., Ltd.							
(LGEUR) (*2)	100.00	1,041	973	1,041	1,041	1,041	1,041
LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.							
(LGEUS)	100.00	15,673	93	93	156,661	9,434	9,434
LG Electronics Wales Ltd.							
(LGEWA)	100.00	101,812	65,160	65,160	101,812	68,126	68,12€
LG Soft India PVT, LTD							
(LGSI) (*2)	88.00	2,920	5,823	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920
Zenith Electronics Corporation							
(Zenith) (*1)	100.00	236,860	-	-	-	-	
Investments applying the equit	.y		' '				
method of accounting		₩3,958,769	₩3,483,757	₩3,480,496	₩2,469,353	₩2,534,357	₩2,539,612

- (*1) The equity method of accounting has been suspended due to accumulated losses.
- (*2) Small sized subsidiaries and affiliates whose total assets at the previous year-end are less than ₩7,000 million are stated at cost in accordance with financial accounting standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.
- (*3) LG Engineering Co., Ltd. was merged into LG Construction Co., Ltd. on August 1, 1999.

LG Merchant Banking Corp. was merged into LG Investments Security Inc. on October 1, 1999.

LG Electronics Service Co., Ltd. was liquidated on June 30, 1999.

The Company sold its share of LG Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (LGPLT) to LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd. on May 31, 2000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	Million			ns of Won			
	Ownership(%)		June 30, 2000		June 30, 1999			
	at June 30,	Acquisition	Market	Carrying	Acquisition	Market	Carrying	
	2000	Cost	Value	Value	Cost	Value	Value	
<marketable equity="" securities=""></marketable>								
Dacom Corporation	-	₩ -	₩ -	₩ -	₩383,662	₩383,662	₩383,662	
P.D.I	0.39	336	2,359	2,359	1,264	1,479	1,479	
Treasury stock fund	-	-	-	-	4,237	6,585	6,585	
Beneficiary certificate	-	-	-	-	35,000	45,412	45,412	
Korea stock market								
stabilization fund	2.39	23,235	19,158	19,158	23,235	23,922	23,922	
Hyundai Electronics								
Industries Co., Ltd.	0.42	26,928	45,848	45,848	17,495	17,495	17,495	
(formerly, LG Semicon Co., L	td.)							
Hanaro Telecom Inc.	2.50	117,428	49,320	49,320	-	-	-	
Kukdong City Gas Inc.	4.56	17,088	3,131	3,131	-	-	-	
LG Construction Co., Ltd.	8.56	35,148	24,491	24,491				
		220,163	144,307	144,307	464,893	478,555	478,555	
<non-marketable equity="" securities=""></non-marketable>	>							
Domestic Companies								
LG OTIS Elevator Co., Ltd.	19.90	89,550	89,113	89,550	_	-	_	
DreamWiz Inc.	10.00	11,111	1,495	11,111	_	-	_	
Lotis Co., Ltd.	14.01	1,900	1,271	1,900	_	-	-	
Media Valley Inc.	1.81	300	310	300	300	310	300	
Nara Mold & Die Co., Ltd.	19.90	812	1,434	812	597	-	597	
Sunhan Tech Co., Ltd.	19.90	199	469	199	199	-	199	
Castec Korea Co., Ltd.	5.00	150	150	150	597	_	597	
Other	-	468	572	468	559	370	559	
Overseas Companies								
TAISTAR	11.85	759	990	759	759	996	759	
GEMFIRE	4.41	1,835	179	1,835	1,835	140	1,835	
Mainstreet Networks	1.11	1,033	177	1,033	1,033	110	1,033	
(formerly,								
"eT Communications")(*1)	5.45	1,468	_	_	1,468	70	1,468	
iTV Corporation (*1)	13.08	1,957	_	_	1,400	70 779	1,408	
PocketScience (*1)	4.42	473	_	_	473	3	473	
1 ocketocience (1)	7.72	110,982	95,983	107,084	8,744	2,668	8,744	

^(*1) Acquisition cost was written off due to negative net book value of the investment during the six-month period ended June 30, 2000.

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. <u>Investments</u>, Continued:

	Percentage of	Millions of Won											
	Ownership(%)			June	30, 2000					June	30, 1999		
	at June 30, 2000		quisition Cost		Iarket Value		arrying Value		uisition Cost		Aarket Value		arrying Value
<debt securities=""></debt>													
Bonds issued by government Senior secured note	-	₩	30,458	₩	19,892	₩	19,892	₩	59,243	₩	49,154	₩	49,154
issued by Zenith	-		142,892		134,507		134,507		-		-		-
·			173,350		154,399		154,399		59,243		49,154		49,154
Other investme	nts total		504,495		394,689		405,790		532,880		530,377		536,453
Investments	Total	₩4	,463,264	₩3	3,878,446	₩3	,886,286	₩3,	002,233	₩3	,064,734	₩3	,076,065

Reconciliation of acquisition cost of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates accounted for using the equity method to their carrying value is as follows:

Millions of Won					
Capital	Retained				
adjustment	earnings	Net income	Total		
			₩ 3,958,769		
₩ (91,180)	₩ -	₩ -	(91,180)		
-	(419,679)	-	(419,679)		
-	-	239,612	239,612		
-	-	(907)	(907)		
-	(206,119)	-	(206,119)		
			₩ 3,480,496		
	adjustment	Capital adjustment Retained earnings ₩ (91,180) ₩ - (419,679)	Capital adjustment Retained earnings Net income ₩ (91,180) ₩ -		

The equity method of accounting is applied based on most recent unaudited financial statements of subsidiaries and affiliates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

7. Investments, Continued:

A senior secured note of \#134,507 million (US\\$ 121 million) issued by Zenith outstanding at June 30, 2000, was converted from the Company's receivables from Zenith according to the reorganization plan of Zenith approved by the court in the United States of America on November 5, 1999 (see Note 14). The note's terms and conditions are as follows:

Interest: LIBOR+6.5% on a quarterly basis Maturity of principal: November 1, 2009

Pursuant to a share transfer agreement dated May 20, 1999, the Company transferred 61,512,076 shares of LG Semicon Co., Ltd. to Hyundai Electronics Industries Co., Ltd. in exchange for ₩1,726,208 million and recognized a gain on disposal of investment of ₩1,098,820 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 1999. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company recognized a loss from price settlement of ₩59,600 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000.

Pursuant to a joint venture agreement with Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. ("Philips") dated July 24, 1999, the Company transferred certain of the Company's stock rights in LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd. (formerly, LG LCD Co., Ltd.) to Philips. As a result, the Company reduced its ownership of LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd. to 50%. According to the agreement, the Company was paid an additional amount of ₩47,462 million by Philips and recognized a gain on disposal of investment for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

8. <u>Property, Plant and Equipment:</u>

Property, plant and equipment as of June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following:

	Millions of Won				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Buildings	₩ 1,016,082	₩ 957,864			
Structures	96,627	85,677			
Machinery and equipment	1,095,063	921,009			
Tools	721,406	693,792			
Furniture and fixtures	419,211	415,430			
Vehicles	24,861	25,634			
	3,373,250	3,099,406			
Accumulated depreciation	(1,403,051)	(1,196,683)			
	1,970,199	1,902,723			
Land	716,532	703,677			
Construction in progress	103,123	118,294			
Machinery in transit	33,018	11,246			
	₩ 2,822,872	₩ 2,735,940			

At June 30, 2000 and 1999, the value of the Company's land, as determined by the local government in Korea for property tax assessment purpose, approximates $\mbox{$\mbox{$$$$$$\sc W$}$}$ 598,330 million and $\mbox{$\mbox{$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$\sc W$}$ 560,977 million, respectively.

At June 30, 2000 and 1999, property, plant and equipment, other than land and certain construction in progress, are insured against fire and other casualty losses up to approximately lambda 3,611,016 million and lambda 3,872,948 million, respectively.

A substantial portion of property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2000 and 1999 is pledged as collateral for various loans from banks, including Korea Development Bank, up to a maximum Won equivalent amount of approximately # 596,116 million and # 585,092 million, respectively (see Notes 10 and 11).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

9. <u>Intangible Assets</u>:

Intangible assets at June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following:

	Millions of Won				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Development costs	₩ 90,581	₩ 401,698			
Patents	14,892	18,674			
Goodwill	-	3,905			
Other	12,969	3,066			
	₩ 118,442	₩ 427,343			

Details of research and development costs incurred for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of Won				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999				
Capitalized	₩ 24,459	₩ 42,152				
Expensed	96,502	81,962				
	₩ 120,961	₩ 124,114				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

10. Short-Term Borrowings:

Short-term borrowings at June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following:

	Annual Interest Rates (%) at	In Mi	Millions		
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999		
Bank overdrafts	8.00 – 11.50	₩ 139	₩ 15,463		
Won currency loans:					
General term loans	7.15 - 7.95	138,000	414,000		
Loans from insurance companies	-	-	113,000		
Trade loans	-	-	13,929		
Notes discounted	-		400,000		
		138,000	940,929		
Foreign currency loans	1.48 - 9.07	12,241	2,286		
		$\begin{bmatrix} \text{US}\$ & 11\\ \mathbf{¥} & 11 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} US\$ & 2 \\ Y & 31 \end{bmatrix}$		
		₩ 150,380	₩ 958,678		

See Notes 3 and 8 for collateral arrangements for these borrowings.

Current maturities of long-term debt at June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprise the following:

	In Millions of Won				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Debentures	₩ 607,100	₩ 1,056,463			
Discount on debentures	(3,496)	(5,701)			
Premium on debentures	2,240	-			
Long-term debt	252,678	268,344			
	₩ 858,522	₩ 1,319,106			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

11. Long-Term Debt:

Long-term debt at June 30, 2000 and 1999 comprises the following:

	Annual Interest		
	Rate (%) at	In Mi	llions
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999
<u>Debentures</u>			
Guaranteed, payable through 2001	11.0 - 25.0	₩ 509,100	₩ 1,218,000
Non-guaranteed, payable through 2004	12.5 - 16.5	128,000	398,000
General, payable through 2003 Floating rate notes in foreign currency,	8.0 - 12.0	1,590,000	1,220,000
payable through 2002 (*1)	LIBOR + 1.40	111,480	178,462
		(US\$ 100)	(US\$ 154)
		2,338,580	3,014,462
Convertible Bonds (*2)			
			40
Foreign currency, issued in 1991	-	-	40
F : 12. 1006		••••	(US\$ -)
Foreign currency, issued in 1996	1.25	33,096	33,096
		(US\$ 40)	(US\$ 40)
Won currency, issued in 1998	1.0	100,000	100,000
		133,096	133,136
Exchangeable Bonds (*3)			
Foreign currency, issued in 1997	0.25	66,623	66,623
<i>y</i> ,	00	(US\$ 75)	(US\$ 75)
		2,538,299	3,214,221
Less: treasury debentures		(117,171)	(117,171)
current maturities		(607,100)	(1,056,463)
discount on debentures		(35,642)	(50,935)
premium on debentures		2,314	15,667
		₩1,780,700	₩ 2,005,319

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

11. Long-Term Debt, Continued:

	Annual Interest Rate (%) at	In Mi	llione
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999
Won currency loans	Julie 30, 2000	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999
Korea Development Bank	5.50 – 9.95	₩ 175,212	₩ 101,927
Kookmin Bank	5.00 - 8.25	3,769	5,331
Korea Technology Banking Corporation	6.00 - 7.50	5,438	7,665
Housing and Commercial Bank	3.00	849	2,474
Hana bank	7.50	920	920
Choheung bank	-	_	553
Hanvit Bank	8.38	30,000	-
		216,188	118,870
Foreign currency loans		,	,
Korea Development Bank	8.90	10,133	8,965
Korea Development Bank	LIBOR + $0.5 \sim 2.15$	62,192	54,905
Hanvit Bank	LIBOR + $0.425 \sim 2.5$	52,234	191,443
Hanvit Bank	-	-	5,358
Choheung Bank	LIBOR + 0.4	2,655	126,229
Korea Exchange Bank	LIBOR + $0.45 \sim 0.47$	245,256	173,386
Kookmin Bank	LIBOR + $0.75 \sim 4.0$	1,363	2,597
Export-Import Bank of Korea	LIBOR $+ 0.625$	4,383	5,680
Korea First Bank	LIBOR $+ 1.5$	12,806	-
Bank One	LIBOR $+ 2.5$	7,444	-
Development Bank of Singapore	LIBOR + 1.6	8,097	-
Citi Bank	LIBOR $+ 2.5$	9,985	17,254
Daichi-Kangyo Bank	-	-	1,269
Banque Paribas	LIBOR $+ 0.7$	8,220	10,417
FNBC	-	-	15,437
Canada Royal Bank	-	-	2,890
Tokyo Bank	-	-	3,283
Societe General	LIBOR + 0.6	18,654	21,759
Sakura Bank	-	-	1,641
Sumitomo Bank	LIBOR $+ 0.65$	14,459	15,039
Novascotia	LIBOR $+ 1.5$	2,995	
		460,876	657,552
		$\begin{pmatrix} US\$ & 413 \\ Y & - \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} US\$ & 552 \\ Y & 2,042 \end{pmatrix}$
		677,064	776,422
Less : current maturities	}	(252,678)	(268,344)
		₩ 424,386	₩ 508,078

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued (See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

11. Long-Term Debt, Continued:

In relation to guaranteed debentures, the Company pays guarantee fees of $0.1\% \sim 0.5\%$ per annum.

Treasury debentures of ₩ 117,171 million held by the Company at June 30, 2000 and 1999 are Won currency convertible bonds and a portion of exchangeable bonds.

- (*1) In 2000, the Company issued U.S. Dollar denominated floating rate notes aggregating US\$ 100 million, which is due on April 25, 2002.
- (*2) In 1996, the Company issued foreign currency denominated convertible bonds aggregating US\$40 million, bearing interest at 1.25% per annum. The bonds are convertible into common stock through October 2006, unless previously redeemed, at a specified conversion price, subject to adjustment based on the occurrence of certain events as provided for in the offering agreement. The adjusted conversion price as of June 30, 2000 is ₩22,174 per share. The fixed rate of exchange applicable to the exercise of the conversion rights is ₩827.40 per US\$1.00. The bonds will mature on November 26, 2006 at par value, unless previously converted or redeemed. Any bondholder may redeem all or some of the bonds held on November 26, 2001 at 133.20% of the principal amount of such bonds, together with interest accrued to the date of redemption.

In 1998, the Company issued Won currency convertible bonds aggregating ₩100,000 million, bearing interest at 1.0% per annum. The bonds are convertible into common stock through November 2001, unless previously redeemed, at a specified conversion price, subject to adjustment based on the occurrence of certain events as provided for in the offering agreement. The adjusted conversion price as of June 30, 2000 is ₩20,555 per share. The bonds will mature on December 31, 2001 at 112.5% of the principal amount, unless previously converted or redeemed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

11. Long-Term Debt, Continued:

- (*3) In 1997, the Company issued foreign currency denominated exchangeable bonds totaling US\$ 75 million bearing interest at 0.25% per annum. The bonds are exchangeable into common stock of Hyundai Electronics Industries Co., Ltd. ("Hyundai Electronics," formerly "LG Semicon Co., Ltd.") through November 2007, unless previously redeemed. Each bond can be exchanged for 250 shares of Hyundai Electronics common stock with a par value of ₩5,000. The exchange price was initially determined to be ₩35,430 per share based on a fixed exchange rate for U.S. dollars of US\$1.00 = ₩888.30. The terms and conditions of the exchangeable bonds are as follows:
 - Basic exchange price for each share of Hyundai Electronics common stock:
 US\$ 39.88 (₩35,430 / ₩888.30)
 - · Payment of interest: At the end of each year
 - Final redemption:
 Unless previously redeemed, purchased or exchanged, the bonds will be redeemed on December 31, 2007 at their principal amount, plus accrued interest.
 - $\cdot\,$ Redemption at the option of the Company :
 - The Company may redeem any or all of the bonds at their principal amount, plus accrued interest. However, no such redemption can be made before July 9, 2002, unless the closing price (converted into U.S. Dollars at the prevailing exchange rate) for each of the 30 consecutive trading days, the last of which occurs not more than 30 days prior to the date upon which the notice of redemption is published, has been at least 135% of the exchange price in effect on each such trading day converted into U.S. Dollars at a fixed exchange rate of US\$1.00: \#888.30.
 - Redemption at the option of the bondholders:
 The bondholders may require the Company to redeem any or all (in multiples of US\$ 10,000) of the bonds held by such holders on July 8, 2002 at 133.67% of the principal amount of such bonds, plus accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

11. Long-Term Debt, Continued:

· Exchange by bondholder

Each bond is exchangeable for a pro rata share of the exchange property until November 30, 2007. The exchange property initially comprised 1,880,397 common shares of Hyundai Electronics, calculated by dividing the aggregate principal amount (converted into Won at a fixed exchange rate of US\$1.00: \#888.30) by the exchange price, but is subject to change as a result of any adjustment to the exchange price or an offer made for the common shares.

On July 1996, relating to construction of Bundang research center, the Company entered into a land purchase agreement with Korea Land Corporation under which the Company has acquired certain land and is obligated to pay the contracted amount on an installment basis through 2001. As of June 30, 2000, the Company has outstanding long-term other accounts payable for the agreement amounting to \(\forall 3,714\) million.

See Notes 3 and 8 for the related collateral arrangements for the Company's long-term debt.

The maturities of long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2000 are as follows:

	Millions of Won				
For the twelve-month	Debentures and	Long-term	Long-term other		
period ending June 30,	Bonds (*)	debt	accounts payable	Total	
2002	₩1,501,480	₩346,109	₩ 3,714	₩1,851,303	
2003	200,000	42,162	-	242,162	
2004	30,000	20,558	-	50,558	
2005	-	11,229	-	11,229	
2006 and thereafter	82,548	4,328	<u>-</u>	86,876	
	₩1,814,028	₩424,386	₩ 3,714	₩2,242,128	

(*) No early redemption of bonds or debentures is assumed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

12. Leases:

The Company has entered into various lease agreements for the rental of certain machinery and equipment. The Company accounts for these leases as operating leases under which lease payment are charged to expense as incurred.

As of June 30, 2000, future lease payments under operating lease agreements are as follows:

For the twelve-month period	
ending June 30,	Millions of Won
2001	₩ 42,414
2002	13,864
2003	2,709
2004	604
	₩ 59,591

13. Accrued Severance Benefits:

Accrued severance benefits at June 30, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	Millions of Won			
	Jun	e 30, 2000	June	e 30, 1999
Beginning balance	₩	434,842	₩	456,071
Severance payments		(42,941)		(98,251)
Transfer-in from affiliated companies		224		8,747
Provisions		62,890		46,262
Additional provisions		-		11,220
Conversion from severance insurance deposit		5,997		
		461,012		424,049
Contribution to National Pension Fund		(36,303)		(43,330)
Severance insurance deposits		(254,580)		
	₩	170,129	₩	380,719

At June 30, 2000, the severance benefits are funded approximately 55% through employees severance insurance plans with Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd. and other life insurance companies. At June 30, 1999, the severance benefits are funded approximately 53% through group severance insurance plans with Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd. and other life insurance companies.

The amounts funded under employees severance insurance plans (severance insurance deposits) are presented as deduction from accrued severance benefits and the amounts funded under group severance insurance plans are recorded as long-term financial instruments (Note 3).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

14. Commitments and Contingencies:

At June 30, 2000, the Company provided 19 notes and 3 checks to financial institutions as collateral in relation to various borrowings and guarantees of indebtedness. In addition, the Company has received guarantees approximating \\ \forall 545,655 \text{ million from various banks for the repayment of certain debentures of the Company.}

At June 30, 2000, the Company has entered into bank overdraft facility agreements with various banks amounting to ₩296,200 million.

At June 30, 2000, the outstanding balance of domestic trade notes receivable and export trade accounts receivable sold at discount to various financial institutions with recourse is \$2,084,639 million.

At June 30, 2000, the Company was a party to various technical assistance agreements with various foreign companies for the manufacture of certain product lines.

At June 30, 2000, the Company has entered into factoring agreements with LG Capital Co., Ltd. and Shin Han Bank. In relation to the agreements, at June 30, 2000, the outstanding balance of factored accounts receivable is \\displays17,967 million.

At June 30, 2000, the Company was contingently liable for foreign currency denominated guarantees approximating \\ \pm 1,365,999 \text{ million on indebtedness of its subsidiaries and affiliates as follows:}

	Million	ns of Won
<u>Domestic companies</u>		
LG Telecom, Ltd.	₩	111,480
Other		25,316
		136,796
Overseas companies		
LG Electronics Wales Ltd.		208,779
PT LG Electronics Display Device Indonesia		126,132
LG Electronics Alabama Inc.		159,416
LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.		111,480
LG Electronics North of England Ltd.		42,318
LG Electronics Tianjin Appliance Co., Ltd.		70,232
Shuguang LG Electronics Co., Ltd.		72,585
Other		438,261
		1,229,203
Total	₩	1,365,999

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

14. Commitments and Contingencies, Continued:

In order to reduce the impact of changes in exchange rates, the Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts. As of June 30, 2000, the Company has outstanding forward contracts for selling US Dollars amounting to US\$ 165 million (contract rates: ₩1,121.2: US\$ 1~₩1,140.2: US\$ 1, contract due dates: July 2000 through April 2001) and an unrealized gain of ₩ 1,428 million was credited to operations for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000.

In order to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates, the Company enters into interest rate swap contracts and an unrealized gain of \\display256 million was recorded as a capital adjustment. A summary of the terms of outstanding interest rate swap contracts at June 30, 2000 is as follows (see Note 18):

	Amo	unt	Buying	Selling	Contract
	(In mill	ions)	rate (*)	rate (%)	due date
Korea Exchange Bank	US\$	50	5.45%	6M LIBOR	2001. 6. 5
Korea Exchange Bank	US\$	40	5.90%	6M LIBOR	2000.8.24
Deutsche Bank	US\$	40	5.90%	6M LIBOR	2000.8.24
Citi Bank	US\$	20	5.91%	6M LIBOR	2000.8.24

(*) If 6 month LIBOR is over 6.25%, the rate deducting 0.1 or 0.35% point from 6 month LIBOR would be applied.

In order to reduce the impact of changes in exchange rates, the Company enters into foreign currency interest rate swap contracts to convert long-term debt denominated in US Dollars to Hong Kong Dollars. An unrealized gain of ₩950 million was credited to operations for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000. A summary of the terms of outstanding currency interest rate swap contracts at June 30, 2000 is as follows:

	Amount		Buying	Selling	Contract due
	(In millions)	Exchange rate	rate	rate	date
Citi Bank	US\$40.0	HK\$7.765:US\$1	5.35%	7%	2001.8.30
Deutsche Bank	US\$40.0	HK\$7.765:US\$1	5.34%	7%	2001.8.30
CSFB	US\$45.5	HK\$7.765:US\$1	5.35%	7%	2001.8.30

LG ELECTRONICS INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

14. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>, Continued:

In order to reduce the impact of changes in exchange rates, the Company enters into foreign currency option contracts. An unrealized gain of \\ \pm 252\) million was credited to operations for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000. A summary of the terms of outstanding currency option contracts at June 30, 2000 is as follows:

		Amount		
	Option Type	(In millions)	Exercising price	Contract due date
Standard Chartered Bank	Put	US\$ 10.0	₩ 1,124.00	2000.7.14
	Call	US\$ 20.0	1,124.00	2000.7.14
Societe	Put	US\$ 10.0	1,126.40	2000.8.18
	Call	US\$ 20.0	1,126.40	2000.8.18
Citi Bank	Put	US\$ 10.0	1,132.90	2000.9.22
	Call	US\$ 20.0	1,132.90	2000.9.22

As a result of above derivatives contracts, a gain of Ψ 9,104 million and a loss of Ψ 3,669 million were realized for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000.

The Company is named as the defendant or the plaintiff in various legal actions arising from the normal course of business. The aggregate amounts of claims as the defendant brought against and the plaintiff brought by the Company are approximately \(\foathbb{\psi} 20,127\) million in 3 cases and \(\foathbb{\psi} 12,727\) million in 8 cases, respectively, as of June 30, 2000. The Company believes that the outcome of these matters is uncertain but, in any event, they would not result in a material ultimate losses on the Company's financial position or operations. Accordingly, no provision for potential losses arising from these claims is reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued (See independent accountants' review report)

for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

14. Commitments and Contingencies, Continued:

In connection with the Asian financial crisis which began in 1997, the Korean economy as well as other economies in the Asia Pacific region experienced economic contractions, a reduction in the availability of credit, increased interest rates, increased inflation, negative fluctuations in currency exchange rates, increased numbers of bankruptcies, increased unemployment and labor unrest. Such conditions had a significant adverse effect on the operations of the Company and other companies in Korea and in the Asia Pacific region. In addition, the Company has investments in, and receivables from affiliates in Thailand, Indonesia and other Asia Pacific countries. The Company also has outstanding guarantees on the debt obligations of these affiliates. These affiliates have been affected, and may continue to be affected by the unstable economic situation in the Asia Pacific region.

Recently, economic conditions in the Republic of Korea have improved as evidenced by an increased trade surplus, increases in foreign exchange reserves, record levels of foreign investment and economic growth, lower inflation and interest rates and stabilized foreign exchange rates. Notwithstanding the current recovery, significant uncertainties still exist related to the economy in Korea and in the Asia Pacific region. The accompanying financial statements reflect management's current assessment of the impact to date of the economic situation on the financial position of the Company. Actual results may differ materially from management's current assessment.

Zenith Electronics Corporation ("Zenith"), a subsidiary, has experienced significant financial difficulties resulting from continuous losses. Zenith filed a pre-packaged plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code of the United States of America in August 1999. The reorganization plan was approved by the court in November 1999. As a result of the reorganization plan, the Company owns 100% of equity in the restructured Zenith and has \\ \frac{\pmathfrak{1}}{134,507}\) million (US\\$ 121\) million) of senior secured notes issued by Zenith and \\ \frac{\pmathfrak{6}}{66,888}\) million (US\\$ 60\) million) of loans to Zenith as of June 30, 2000 (see Note 7).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

15. <u>Capital Stock</u>:

As of June 30, 2000, capital stock is as follows:

	Number of issuance (shares)	Par value	Millions of Won
Common	107,327,666	₩ 5,000	₩ 536,638
Preferred	19,095,547	5,000	95,478
	126,423,213		₩ 632,116

As of June 30, 2000, the number of shares authorized are 500,000,000 shares.

As of June 30, 2000, 19,095,547 shares of non-voting preferred stock are issued and outstanding. The preferred shareholders have no voting rights and are entitled to non-participating and non-cumulative preferred dividends at a rate of one percentage point over those for common stock. This preferred dividend rate is not applicable to stock dividends.

16. <u>Capital Surplus</u>:

In cases where the net assets of the combined enterprises exceed the consideration paid, the Company records the excess amount as a gain on merger.

The Company revalued a substantial portion of its property, plant and equipment, effective January 1, 1981 and 1993 and October 1, 1998, in accordance with the Korean Asset Revaluation Law and obtained relevant governmental approval. The revaluation increment of \(\forall \) 339,676 million, net of tax, transfer to capital stock and offset against deferred foreign currency translation losses, is credited to revaluation surplus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

17. Retained Earnings:

Retained earnings at June 30, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	Millions of Won		
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999	
Legal reserve (*1)	₩ 41,499	₩ 28,699	
Other reserves			
Reserve for business rationalization (*2)	326,180	126,180	
Reserve for improvement of			
financial structure (*3)	84,458	84,458	
Reserve for technological development (*4)	974,517	48,647	
Reserve for export loss (*4)	14,000	14,000	
	1,399,155	273,285	
Unappropriated retained earnings			
carried forward to subsequent period	508,792	671,320	
	₩ 1,949,446	₩ 973,304	

- (*1) The Commercial Code of the Republic of Korea requires the Company to appropriate, as a legal reserve, an amount equal to a minimum of 10% of cash dividends paid until such reserve equals 50% of its issued capital stock. The reserve is not available for payment of cash dividends, but may be transferred to capital stock through an appropriate resolution by the Company's board of directors or used to reduce accumulated deficit, if any, through appropriate resolution by the Company's shareholders.
- (*2) Pursuant to the Tax Exemption and Reduction Control Law, the Company is required to appropriate, as a reserve for business rationalization, a portion of retained earnings equal to tax reductions arising from investment and other tax credits. This reserve is not available for dividends but may be transferred to capital stock through an appropriate resolution by the Company's board of directors or used to reduce accumulated deficit, if any, through appropriate resolution by the Company's shareholders.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

17. Retained Earnings, Continued:

- (*3) In accordance with the provisions of the Financial Control Regulation for publicly listed companies, the Company is required to appropriate, as a reserve for improvement of financial structure, a portion of retained earnings equal to a minimum of 10% of its annual income plus at least 50% of the net gain from the disposal of property, plant and equipment after deducting related taxes, until equity equals 30% of total assets. This reserve is not available for dividends, but may be transferred to capital stock through an appropriate resolution by the Company's board of directors or used to reduce accumulated deficit, if any, through an appropriate resolution by the Company's shareholders.
- (*4) Pursuant to the Tax Exemption and Reduction Control Law of Korea, the Company is allowed to appropriate retained earnings as a reserve for technological development and export loss. These reserves are not available for dividends until used for the specified purposes or reversed.

Changes in unappropriated retained earnings for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000 are as follows:

	Millions of Wo	
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over		
from prior period	₩	44
Adjustment:		
Investments in affiliates accounted		
for using equity method		68,106
Other		(1,943)
As restated		66,207
Net income	4	142,585
Unappropriated retained earnings carried forward		
to subsequent period	₩ 5	508,792

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

18. Capital Adjustments:

At June 30, 2000 and 1999, capital adjustments are as follows:

	Millions of Won		
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999	
Treasury stock	₩ -	₩ (16,230)	
Loss from disposal of treasury stock	-	(7,634)	
Gain (or Loss) on valuation of derivative			
financial instruments	256	(425)	
Gain (or Loss) on valuation of investments:			
- Investments in affiliates accounted			
for using equity method	(91,180)	227,104	
- Marketable equity securities	(83,980)	10,977	
	₩ (174,904)	₩ 213,792	

19. Income Taxes:

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2000 and 1999, income tax expense is as follows:

	Millions of Won					
	June	30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Current income taxes	₩	100,387	₩	≠ 187,174		
Deferred income taxes		80,524		115,024		
	₩	180,911	₩	≠ 302,198		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

19. Income Taxes, Continued:

The statutory income tax rate, including resident tax surcharges, applicable to the Company for 2000 and 1999 is approximately 30.8%. As a result of tax credits and permanent differences in recognizing certain income and expenses for income tax and financial accounting purpose, the effective tax rates are approximately 29.0% and 24.6%, respectively. The reconciliation from accounting income to taxable income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 is as follows:

	Millions of Won				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Net income before income tax	₩ 623,496	₩ 1,227,975			
Gain on equity method valuation	(238,705)	(166,417)			
Amortization of deferred foreign					
currency translation loss	(37,831)	(64,880)			
Customs duty drawback	3,676	(28,383)			
Losses from sales of receivables	(13,092)	-			
Bad debt expenses	34,977	(1,267)			
Accrued severance benefits	(33,061)	-			
Others, net	27,700	(2,548)			
Taxable income	₩ 367,160	₩ 964,480			

Components of deferred taxes as of June 30, 2000 are as follows:

	Millions of Won						
	As	of				As of	
	December	· 31, 1999	Increases	Decreases	Jun	e 30, 2000	
Deferred tax assets							
Deferred foreign exchange loss, net	₩	22,411	₩ -	₩ 7,107	₩	15,304	
Losses from sales of receivables		33,130	12,304	16,336		29,098	
Equity method of accounting		145,345	(73,521)	-		71,824	
Bad debt expenses		24,682	21,470	10,697		35,455	
Other		23,211	2,010	(3,197)		28,418	
Total		248,779	(37,737)	30,943		180,099	
Deferred tax liabilities							
Amortization of intangible assets		(18,299)	(6,027)	(2,288)		(22,038)	
Gain on valuation of investments		(11,097)	1,124	-		(9,973)	
Customs duty drawback		(8,198)	(7,066)	(8,198)		(7,066)	
Reserve for technology development		(1,869)	(97,000)	(380)		(98,489)	
Other		(1,340)	10,423	21,164		(12,081)	
Total		(40,803)	(98,546)	10,298		(149,647)	
Net deferred tax assets	₩	207,976	₩(136,283)	₩ 41,241	₩	30,452	

The Company periodically assesses its ability to recover deferred tax assets. In the event of significant uncertainty regarding the Company's ultimate ability to recover such assets, a valuation allowance is recorded to reduce the asset to its estimated net realizable value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

20. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the six-month period.

Basic earnings per share for the six-month period ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 are calculated as follows:

	Millions of Won (except for EPS data)				
	June 30, 2000	June 30, 1999			
Basic earnings per share					
Net income as reported on					
the statement of income	₩ 442,584	₩ 925,777			
Less: Preferred stock dividends (*)	(1,424)	(1,416)			
Net income allocated to common stock	441,160	924,361			
Weighted average number					
of common shares outstanding	107,327,666	107,327,666			
Basic earnings per share	₩ 4,110	₩ 8,613			

(*) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2000 :

19,095,547 shares
$$\times \$5,000 \times 3\% \times \frac{182}{366} = \$1,424,339,981$$

(*)For the six-month period ended June 30, 1999:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

20. Earnings Per Share, Continued;

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing diluted net income, which is adjusted to add back the after-tax amount of interest expenses on any convertible debt, by the weighted average number of common shares and diluted securities outstanding during the period, assuming conversion into common shares at the beginning of the periods as follows:

	Millions of Won (except for EPS data)				
	June 30), 2000	June 30, 1999		
Net income allocated to common stock	₩ 441,160 ₩			924,361	
Add: Interest expenses of convertible					
bond, net of tax		550		544	
		441,710		924,905	
Sum of weighted average number					
of common shares and diluted					
securities outstanding	10	08,820,224	10	08,820,224	
Diluted earnings per share	₩	4,059	₩	8,499	

The dilutive securities outstanding for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

- Diluted security : Foreign currency denominated convertible

bonds, issued in 1996

- Issue price : ₩ 33,096 million (US\$ 40 million)

- Conversion period : December 26, 1996 through October 26, 2006

- Number of common stocks to be issued : 1,492,558 shares

- Conversion price : ₩ 22,174 per share

21. Business Transfer:

On January 1, 2000, the Company purchased the domestic sales division of the mobile phone business of LG Information & Communication, Ltd. As a result, ₩ 70,619 million of related assets were transferred to the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

22. Transactions with Related Parties:

Significant transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business with related parties for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 and the related account balances outstanding at June 30, 2000 and 1999 are summarized as follows.

	Millions of Won					
	Sales Purchases		Receivables	Payables		
LG Electronics Alabama, Inc.	₩ 257,708	₩ 4,807	₩ 3,103	₩ 2,877		
PT LG Electronics Display						
Devices Indonesia	96,764	16,128	16,035	1,806		
Zenith Electronics Corporation	26,835	-	205,134	1,205		
LG Electronics France Inc.	102,268	-	3,389	1,253		
Shuguang LG Electronics Co., Ltd.	92,464	20,294	15,924	582		
LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.	346,977	-	830	6,650		
Other	1,980,620	911,432	216,564	505,960		
2000 Total	₩2,903,636	₩ 952,661	₩ 460,979	₩ 520,333		
1999 Total	₩1,116,879	₩ 391,520	₩675,696	₩ 244 , 305		

23. Segment Information:

The Company has organized three reportable business divisions: Display division, Home Appliance division and Multimedia division. Additionally, the Company has a centralized supporting division to provide general and administrative, marketing and sales and research and development services to each business division.

Main products each business division manufactures and sells are as follows:

Display division: TV, CPT/CDT, Monitor, DY, FBT, Electron gun,

Magnetron and PDP

Home Appliance division: Refrigerator, Washing machine, Air conditioner,

Microwave oven and Vacuum cleaner

Multimedia division: VCR, PC, Computer, CD-ROM and Audio

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

(See independent accountants' review report) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

23. Segment Information, Continued:

Financial Data by Business Division (Millions of Won)

		В				
	Total	Total Display		Multimedia	Supporting Division	
. Sales						
External Sales	₩6,894,252	₩2,239,296	₩2,171,023	₩1,821,019	₩ 662,914	
Inter-division Sales	948,655	620,264	270,113	41,631	16,647	
	7,842,907	2,859,560	2,441,136	1,862,650	679,561	
. Operating Income (Loss)	571,709	188,283	278,480	117,337	(12,391)	
. Fixed Assets						
Tangible and Intangible assets	2,941,314	818,659	795,519	473,065	854,071	
Depreciation	₩ 188,571	₩ 78,617	₩ 50,324	₩ 28,006	₩ 31,624	

Financial data by Geographic Area (Million of Won)

	Total	Domestic	North America	Central & South America	Europe	Central Asia	Asia	Pacific	Africa
Sales									
External sales	₩6,894,252	₩ 2,277,481	₩1,298,110	₩242,797	₩873,106	₩ 329,705	₩1,720,700	₩ 62,361	₩89,992
Inter-division Sales	948,655	948,655							
	₩7,842,907	₩ 3,226,136	₩1,298,110	₩242,797	₩873,106	₩ 329,705	₩1,720,700	₩ 62,361	₩89,992

24. Subsequent Events:

Through a resolution by the board of directors on July 10, 2000, the Company decided to acquire ₩100,000 million of treasury stock through trust agreement from July 11, 2000 to January 10, 2001 to stabilize its stock price.