THE DIFFERENCE LCD, LED, and OLED



WHAT'S IN A NAME



Higher nits mean higher brightness. High brightness is recommended for outdoor applications for optimum visibility in daylight/sunlight.



Edge-Lit displays place an LED light source at the outer edges. Backlit displays place an LED light source directly behind the LCD pixels.

Direct View LED displays place a signal layer behind the LED array, plus a thermal plane for heat sink. The LEDs provide the lighting. With no separate light source and only half the layers of an LCD panel, OLED displays are extremely thin and lightweight.

FORM FACTOR



DIRECT VIEW









Edge-lit and backlit displays come in many different sizes. The backlit display design enables a very thin bezel. Great for creating large video walls.

THIN • LIGHT

Direct View LED displays can be made in virtually any size. They're ideal for outdoor spaces such as sports arenas.

THICK • HEAVY



Dual-sided flat and curved tiling displays enable images to be swapped or mirrored on either side . Single-sided custom displays can be arched, curved, concave or convex.

THINNEST • LIGHTEST

PICTURE QUALITY



LCD panels offer bright, high resolution images. IPS technology enables wide viewing angles.



Direct View LED displays offer amazing brightness and color depth. Image quality depends on pixel pitch and viewing distance.



OLED displays deliver unprecedented picture quality, with perfect black, infinite contrast and incredible color.